EYFS Curriculum links to KS1

KS1 Subject	EYFS Area	EYFS	Link to KS1 NC
Geography	<u>Understanding</u> <u>the World</u>	 Know that Bury is the village in which our school is located and England is the county is we live in 'Brilliant Bury' – focus on the school, village, church and farms Local walks to village, church, farms etc Discussion of different towns/cities we live in Discussion of London – capital city 	<u>Use simple fieldwork and observational</u> <u>skills to study the geography of their</u> <u>school and its grounds and the key</u> <u>human and physical features of its</u> <u>surrounding environment</u> • 'Brilliant Bury' – focus on the school, village, church and farms
		 Recognise similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries. Recognise some environments that are different to the one in which we live. Various fiction/non-fiction books Topics – 'All about me', 'Celebrations and Festivals', 'Amazing Africa' and 'The Big Blue' Comparison with life in the UK to life in Africa Where have we been on holiday? Where does our food come from? 	 <u>Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.</u> Would you prefer to live in Rome or Bury? Why could a Giraffe and Polar Bear never meet?

		Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around us.	Identify seasonal and daily weather
		Explore the natural world around us and make observations.	patterns in the United Kingdom.
		 Bury Rangers Daily weather/season update Daily observations and discussions 	• Bury Rangers
		<u>Draw information from a simple map, follow maps and begin to draw our</u> <u>own maps</u>	<u>Devise a simple map.</u> <u>Use world maps, atlases and globes to</u> <u>identify the United Kingdom and its</u> <u>countries.</u>
		 Locating Bury and England on a map and globe Locating important places to us (where we live, holidays, families live etc) 'Traditional tales' – designing our own maps 'The Big Blue' – pirate/treasure maps Use language such as: near, far, here, there, next to, above, closer to etc 	Bury Rangers
<u>History</u>	Understanding the World	Talk about the lives of people around them and their roles in society	Pupils should be taught about significant people in their own locality
		 'All about me' – family members Visits from 'people who help us' – Firefighters, RNLI, Police officers, Nurse etc 	• Brilliant Bury

		 Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now 'All about me' – How have I changed since I was a baby? How was life different for my parents and grandparents? 'Brilliant Bury' – How has my school changed? What is still the same? Toys past and present at Christmas The seaside long ago 	 Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time Brilliant Bury
		Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books Bonfire night – what it remembers Remembrance day Nativity Easter Dinosaurs and fossils Queen Elizabeth 2 nd and King Charles 3 rd	Pupils should develop an awareness of the past, using parts of stories and other sources to show that they know and understand key features of events• Significant individuals' comparison • Guy Fawkes
<u>Science</u>	<u>Understanding</u> <u>the World</u>	 Explore the natural world around them making observations and drawings of plants and animals Bury Rangers Observational drawings of plants and minibeasts Begin to idenitify some animal groups e.g. fish, insects, mammals 	Pupils should be taught to identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. Pupils should be taught to identify and name a variety of common animals

 Know the names of baby animals – farm visit Identify some outdoor plants in our school setting Begin to use language to describe plants such as: root, stem, leaf Planting throughout the year 	 including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals Bury Rangers – living things
Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments	<u>Describe the simple physical properties</u> of a variety of everyday materials
 Through 'Amazing Africa' and 'The Big Blue' topics Explore different materials, developing ideas about how to use them building dens, craft materials, costumes etc Discussion of material properties Trips 	 Bury Rangers – materials linked to shelters.
 <u>Understand important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changes in states of matter</u> Talk about seasonal change and weather – daily and in Bury Rangers States of matter – melting chocolate and ice 	Pupils should be taught to observe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies • Bury Rangers
 Know and understand importance of making healthy choices and discuss basic body parts Rhymes e.g. head, shoulders, knees and toes 	Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense

		 'Oliver's Vegetables' and 'Oliver's Fruit Salad' P.E. and physical development – discussion of heart rate etc Exploration of the 5 senses 	 Human body – senses Human body – parts and why the do what they do
<u>RE</u>	<u>Understanding</u> <u>the World</u>	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities	
		• Why is the word God so important to Christians?	 What do Christians believe that God is like?
		Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	 Why does Christmas matter to Christians?
		 How can we help others when they need it? 	 Why is learning to do good deeds so important to Jewish people?
		• Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter garden?	 Why does Easter matter to Christians?
		What makes every single person unique and precious?	 What is important for Muslim children?
		• How can we care for our wonderful world?	Who made the world?
<u>Music</u>	Expressive Arts and Design	Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs and try to move in <u>time with the music</u>	Pupils should be taught to use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes

		 Nursery rhymes Music and movement – playground singing games to support pulse/rhythm/do-so pitch 	 Music and movement – playground singing games to support pulse/rhythm/do-so pitch
Art and DT	Expressive Arts and Design	 <u>Use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function</u> Colour mixing Joining different materials together Drawing with detail 	Use a range of materials creatively to design and make products and develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
		Share creations explaining the process they have used	<u>Develop a wide range of art and design</u> <u>techniques in using colour, pattern,</u> <u>texture, line, shape, form and space</u> <u>Design, make, evaluate and have</u> <u>technical knowledge</u>
			 Cooking Building shelters Wooden pendants Whittling Bird feeders Bug hotels
Computing	Understanding the World	Understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically <u>diverse world</u>	Pupils should be taught to:•understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as

		 Understand simple algorithm instructions Introduction of using iPads – logging in and accessing apps Codapillar – basic programming Beebots – basic programming 	programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions•create and debug simple programs•create and debug simple programs•use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs. Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content. Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school•use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.
<u>PE</u>	<u>Physical</u> <u>Development</u>	 <u>Gross Motor Skills</u> Negotiate space and obstacles safely Demonstrate strength, balance and co-ordination when playing Move energetically such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing 	Pupils should be taught to: • master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities • participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending

			<u>Perform dances using simple</u> movement patterns.
<u>PSHE</u>	Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Self-Regulation	
		Managing self	Physical health and well-being
			Emotional health and well-being
		Building relationships	Relationships and sex education
			Digital and media literacy